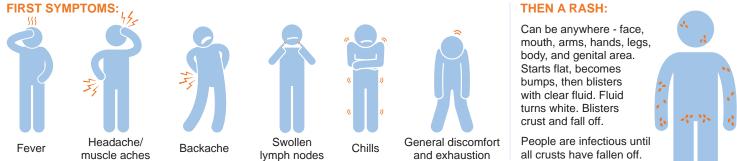
MPOX (formerly known as monkeypox) RANSMISSION

Animal to human





REATMENT

Mild cases require supportive treatment. Antivirals are increasingly available. Immunoglobulins are also used.

Prevention is mainly through vaccination, observing good personal hygiene and washing hands well and frequently.

Vaccination

Vaccination is becoming increasingly available. It requires two doses given 28 days apart.





think you may have been exposed to mpox.

Continue to take precautions to avoid getting infected or spreading mpox.

Other Preventive Measures

- Avoid close skin to skin contact with people who have a rash.
- Avoid contact with items used by a person with mpox.
- Limit the number of sexual partners.
- Minimise skin to skin contact as much as possible when attending crowded events.
- Wear condoms for 12 weeks after recovering from mpox.

Prevention in areas where mpox is present in animals:

- · Avoid contact with wild animals.
- · Avoid touching objects which have been in contact with animals.
- Avoid preparing or eating "bush meat" (wild game).

Keep up to date with news and information from the International SOS dedicated website: https://pandemic.internationalsos.com/diseases/monkeypox

This infographic has been developed for educational purposes only and is correct at the time of publication. It is not a substitute for professional medical advice. Should you have any questions or concerns about any topic in the infographic, please consult your medical professional.

